

Bureau of Laboratories

Division of Clinical Microbiology

Arbovirus Detection ^{1,}	4
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Method: Real-time PCR

Specimen Type: Serum, urine, and cerebral spinal fluid

Container: Sterile collection container; 5 mL vial

Storage: 2 to 8 °C, - 20 °C

Transport: 2 to 8 °C, < 0 °C

Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL

The Bureau of Laboratories tests serum and urine specimens for Chikungunya virus, Dengue virus, and Zika virus. Specimens submitted for other arbovirus (e.g., West Nile virus, Yellow Fever virus, Powassan virus) testing are referred to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Approval from the Pennsylvania Department of Health Bureau of Epidemiology is required before arbovirus PCR and culture testing is performed on human specimens. Please contact an epidemiologist at 717-787-3350 to arrange testing.

Arbovirus Serology ^{1, 2}

Method: ELISA - IgG and IgM

Specimen Types: Serum or plasma

Container: Sterile tube

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

Arbovirus Environmental Monitoring

Method: Real-time PCR

Specimen Types: Mosquitoes, bird swabs, or horse tissue

Specimen Amount: See below

Container: See below

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

The Bureau of Laboratories conducts environmental monitoring for Eastern Equine Encephalitis virus, LaCrosse virus, St. Louis Encephalitis virus, and West Nile virus in conjunction with the Pennsylvania Departments of Agriculture and Environmental Protection. Specimens are only accepted from those Commonwealth agencies.

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¹ Nationally notifiable condition ² P



Bacterial Isolate Identification	
Method: Conventional and molecular	
Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate	Specimen Amount: Not applicable
Container: Culture tube	Media: TSA slant or another_appropriate medium
Storage: Ambient temperature	Transport: Ambient temperature

Bacterial Pathogens – Food Testing

Methods: Real-time PCR and culture

Sample Types: Food or beverage

Specimen Amount: Solids ≥ 25 g, Liquids ≥ 30 mL

Container: Any

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

The Bureau of Laboratories tests food and beverage samples for *Campylobacter, E. coli, Salmonella*, Shiga Toxin, and *Shigella*. Call 610-280-3464 to request testing for Campylobacter, Listeria, Vibrio, and Yersinia before submitting samples.

Bioterrorism Agents – Clinical, Environmental, Food, Reference Culture 1, 2

Methods: Real-time PCR and culture

Sample/Specimen Type: Variable

Specimen Amount: Sample/specimen dependent

Container: Sample/specimen dependent

Storage: Sample/specimen dependent

Transport: Sample/specimen dependent

The Bureau of Laboratories tests clinical specimens, environmental samples, food samples, and reference cultures for *Bacillus anthracis, Brucella spp., Burkholderia mallei and Burkholderia pseudomallei, Francisella tularensis,* and *Yersinia pestis.* Call 484-870-6398 before submitting samples/specimens.

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¹ Nationally notifiable condition



Bureau of Laboratories

Bordetella Detection

Methods: Real-time PCR and culture

Specimen Types: Bacterial isolate, nasopharyngeal swab, nasopharyngeal wash

Specimen Amount: >1 mL Media: Regan-Lowe or ESwab bacterial collection for swab or sterile collection

Storage: 2 to 8 °C Transport: 2 to 8 °C container for wash.

The Bureau of Laboratories tests bacterial isolates and clinical specimens for *Bordetella pertussis*, *Bordetella parapertussis*, and *Bordetella holmesii*. Use kits provided by the Bureau of Laboratories to collect and ship specimens. Call 484-870-6432 to request collection supplies.

Botulism Toxin Detection – Infant (< 1yr old)^{1, 2}

Method: Mouse bioassay for *Clostridium botulinum* toxin

Specimen Type: Stool

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Specimen Amount: 10 g or 10 mL

Container: Sterile container

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

Campylobacter Species Identification ^{1, 2}

Method: Conventional biochemical tests

Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate

Container: Agar slant

Storage: Ambient temperature

Carbapenemase Detection

Method: Real-time PCR and mCIM

Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate

Container:_Agar slant

Storage: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: Not applicable

Specimen Amount: Not applicable

Transport: Ambient temperature

Media: Blood, Carey-Blair, or Chocolate

Media: Multiple

Transport: Ambient temperature

The Bureau of Laboratories tests bacterial isolates for Carbapenemans gene detection: *KPC*, *NDM*, *OXA-48-like*, *VIM*, *mcr*-1, and *mcr*-2. Testing is only performed to support public health surveillance and response. Contact your local public health department to obtain approval for testing before submitting isolates.

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¹ Nationally notifiable condition ² Pennsylvania reportable disease



Directory of Services

Chlamydia trachomatis Detection 1, 2

Method: PCR

Specimen Types: Endocervical swab, urethral swab, or urine Specimen Amount: Swab or > 35 mL urine

Container: Swab transport tube or urine transport tube

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: Ambient temperature

The Bureau of Laboratories only tests specimens for Chlamydia after receiving approval from the Department of Health Sexually Transmitted Diseases Program. Call 717-547-3443 to obtain approval.

Transfer approximately 3 mL of urine to the black line on the fill window on the transport tube label. Transfer urine to the transport tube within eight hours of collection. Swab and urine specimens must be received within six days of collection. Use the kits provided by the Bureau of Laboratories to collect specimens. Call 484-870-6432 to request collection supplies.

<i>Coxiella burnetti</i> Detection – Clinical Specimens ¹		
Method: Real-time PCR		
Specimen Types: Whole blood	Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL	
Container: EDTA blood collection tube		
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C	
Call 484-885-3579 before submitting specimens.		

Coxiella burnetti Detection – Environmental Samples¹

Method: Real-time PCR	
Specimen Types: Swabs, liquids, and powders	Specimen Amount: Various
Container: Various	
Storage: Various	Transport: Various
Call 484-885-3579before submitting samples.	

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Enteric Pathogens ^{1, 2}	
Methods: Real-time PCR and culture	
Specimen Type: Stool	Specimen Amount: Add until medium reaches fill line
Container: Carey-Blair transport medium vial	Media: Carey-Blair transport medium
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C
The Bureau of Laboratories tests stool specimens for <i>Salmonella</i> , <i>Shigella</i> , <i>E. coli</i> O157and Shiga-like toxin producers. Specimens can be tested for <i>Campylobacter</i> , <i>Vibrio</i> , <i>Listeria</i> , <i>Aeromonas</i> , <i>Yersinia</i> and <i>Plesiomonas</i> upon special request. Call 610-280-3464 and select the Microbiology prompt.	

Escherichia coli O157 Identification ^{1, 2}	
Method: Conventional biochemical tests and serogrouping	
Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate	Specimen Amount: Not applicable
Container: Culture tube	Media: TSA slant
Storage: Ambient temperature	Transport: Ambient temperature

Haemophilus influenzae Identification 1, 2

Method: Conventional biochemical tests and serotyping

Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate

Container: Culture tube

Storage: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: Not applicable

Media: Chocolate slant

Transport: Ambient temperature

Pennsylvania regulations require that all *H. influenzae* isolates obtained from sterile sites be submitted to the Bureau of Laboratories.

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¹ Nationally notifiable condition ² Pennsylvania reportable disease

BOL-1-V11 06/2021

110 Pickering Way Exton, PA 19341-1310 P: 610-280-3464 F: 610-450-1932 www.health.pa.gov/labs



Directory of Services

Influenza Detection 1, 2

Method: Real-time PCR

Specimen Types: Nasal or throat swab

Container: Collection tube

Specimen Amount: > 1mL of transport medium

Media: Viral transport medium

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

Influenza-associated pediatric deaths and novel Influenza A virus infections are nationally notifiable. Laboratoryconfirmed cases of Influenza are reportable in Pennsylvania.

Legionella spp. and pneumophila Identification 1, 2

Methods: Real-time PCR

Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate

Container: Culture tube

Storage: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: Not applicable

Media: BYCE slant

Transport: Ambient temperature

Legionella Detection from Water

Methods: Culture, DFA, and Real-time PCR

Specimen Type: Water

Container: Polypropylene screw cap container

Storage: Ambient temperature

Transport: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: 1 L

Listeria monocytogenes Identification 1, 2

Methods: Conventional biochemical tests; Whole genome sequencing (WGS) for outbreak surveillanceSpecimen Type: Bacterial isolateSpecimen Amount: Not applicableContainer: Culture tubeMedia: Blood, chocolate, or TSA slantStorage: Ambient temperatureTransport: Ambient temperature

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¹ Nationally notifiable condition ² Per

² Pennsylvania reportable disease



Lyme Disease Serology – <i>Borrelia burgdorferi</i> ^{1, 2}		
Methods: Screening: ELISA C6 Peptide; Confirmation: IgG and IgM Western blots		
Specimen Types: Serum or plasma	Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL	
Container: Red-topped blood collection tube		
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C	

Malaria and Babesia Confirmation ^{1, 2}	
Methods: Microscopy and real-time PCR	
Specimen Type: Stained slides, blood	Specimen Amount: See below
Container: See below	
Storage: See below	Transport: See below
Store and transport stained slides at ambient temperature. Submit slides in a slide mailer. Collect at least 1 mL of blood in a 5 mL blood collection tube containing EDTA. Store and transport blood specimens at 2 to 8 °C. No testing is performed at the Bureau of Laboratories. Slide images are electronically sent to the CDC for confirmation (<u>www.dpdx.cdc.gov</u>). Blood specimens are referred to the CDC for PCR identification only when required by the	

(<u>www.dpdx.cdc.gov</u>). Blood specimens are referred to the CDC to CDC's parasitology laboratory and resistance surveillance.

Molecular Subtyping – Cluster Detection²

Method: Whole genome sequencing (WGS)

Specimen Type: Enterobacteriaceae and Listeria bacterial isolate Specimen Amount: Not applicable

Container: Pure culture

Storage: Ambient temperature

The Bureau of Laboratories conducts WGS subtyping on Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* (STEC), *Salmonella* and *Shigella spp.* bacterial isolates submitted as part of the surveillance program mandated by Pennsylvania Code Title 28, Chapter 27. WGS is also conducted on *Listeria monocytogenes* and *Vibrio parahaemolyticus.* WGS may be requested to aid in an infection control investigation on a limited number of bacterial isolates. Contact Lisa Dettinger, Director of Clinical Microbiology, at 484-870-6416 to obtain approval for infection control investigation testing.

Media: Slant growth medium

Transport: Ambient temperature

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¹ Nationally notifiable condition ² Pennsylvania reportable disease



Bureau of Laboratories

Mumps Virus Detection ^{1, 2}	
Method: Real-time PCR	
Specimen Types: Buccal swab, serum, tissue culture fluid, and urine Specimen Amount: See below	
Container: See below	
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C
Specimen amounts: Buccal swab = 1 swab; serum ≥ 1 mL; tissue culture fluid ≥ 0.5 mL; urine ≥ 35 mL	

Mumps Virus Serology ^{1, 2}

Method: ELISA IgG and IgM

Specimen Type: Buccal swab, serum, urine

Container: 5 mL blood collection tube

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL

No testing is performed at the Bureau of Laboratories. Specimens are referred to the CDC for testing.

Testing performed at CDC. Send buccal swab and urine for PCR testing along with serology to the Bureau of Laboratories for forwarding to the CDC.

Mycobacteria Culture 1, 2

Methods: Fluorescent microscopy, MGIT 960 broth culture, and Middlebrook agar

Specimen Type: Sputum

Container: 50 mL conical tube

Storage: Ambient temperature

Transport: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: ≥ 5 mL

Collection is done through the State and County Health Centers.

Mycobacteria Identification 1, 2

Methods: Microscopy, DNA probes and mycolic acid analysis by HPLC

Specimen Type: Mycobacteria culture

Container: Medium tube

Storage: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: Not applicable

Media: Middlebrook, LJ, or positive broth culture

Transport: Ambient temperature

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Bureau of Laboratories

<i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> Drug Susceptibility ²	
Methods: Primary drugs: MGIT 960 broth culture	Secondary drugs: Agar proportion
Specimen Type: M. tuberculosis culture	Specimen Amount: Not applicable
Container: Medium tube	Media: Middlebrook, LJ, or positive broth culture
Storage: Ambient temperature	Transport: Ambient temperature
Primary Drugs: Ethambutol, isoniazid, pyrazinamide, and rifampin	
Secondary Drugs: Amikacin, capreomycin, cycloserine, ethambutol, ethionamide, isoniazid, kanamycin, ofloxacin,	
rifampin and streptomycin	

1, 2 Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex – Nucleic Acid Amplification

Method: Real-time PCR

Specimen Type: Clinical respiratory (unprocessed)

Specimen Amount: ≥ 5 mL

Container: 50 mL conical tube

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

Mycology Identification	
Method: See below	
Specimen Type: Culture	Specimen Amount: Not applicable
Container: Slant medium	Media: Growth medium
Storage: Ambient temperature	Transport: Ambient temperature

The Bureau of Laboratories does not perform mycology identification. Pure fungal cultures are referred to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for identification.

Neisseria gonorrhoeae Culture and Identification ^{1, 2}	
Method: Conventional biochemical tests	
Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate or clinical specimen	Specimen Amount: Not applicable
Container: Collection device or plate medium	Media: Chocolate media with antibiotics
Storage: Incubate at 35 to 37 °C in CO ₂	Transport: Ambient temperature in CO2 bag

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Bureau of Laboratories

<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i> Drug Susceptibility ^{1, 2}	
Specimen Amount: Not applicable	
Media: Chocolate media with antibiotica	

Storage: Incubate at 35 to 37 °C in CO2

Specimen Amount: Not applicable

Transport: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: See below

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: Ambient temperature in CO₂ bag

The Bureau of Laboratories tests for susceptibility to azithromycin (15 µg), cefixime (5 µg), ceftriaxone (30 µg), ciprofloxacin (5 µg), penicillin (10 U), spectinomycin (100 µg), and tetracycline (30 µg)

Neisseria meningitidis Identification ^{1, 2}

Methods: Conventional biochemical tests and serotyping

Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate

Container: Culture tube

Storage: Ambient temperature

Pennsylvania regulations require that all isolates of N. meningitidis isolates obtained from sterile sites be submitted to the Bureau of Laboratories.

Media: Slant

Norovirus Detection

Method: Real-time PCR

Specimen Type: Stool

Container: Sterile container or Cary-Blair

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Add specimen to fill line on Cary Blair.

Parasitic Disease Serology Methods: See below Specimen Type: Serum Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL Container: 5 mL vial Storage: 2 to 8 °C Transport: 2 to 8 °C Specimens are referred to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) for testing. See the CDC's website (www.dpd.cdc.gov/dpdx/) for a complete listing of immunoassays for parasitic diseases.

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¹ Nationally notifiable condition ² Pennsylvania reportable disease



Rabies ^{1, 2}	
Methods: DFA	
Specimen Type: Brain tissue	Specimen Amount: Animal head or small animal
Container: Leak proof container with cold pack	
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C
The <u>Rabies Human Exposure Questionnaire</u> must be submitted along with the specimen. It can be found on the Rabies page of the Bureau of Laboratories' website (<u>www.health.pa.gov/labs</u>). Call (484) 870-6289 with questions.	

Ricin Detection – Environmental and Food

Method: Time-resolved Fluorescence (TRF) immunoassay

Specimen Type: Variable

Container: Leak proof container

Storage: See below

Transport:

Specimen Amount: Variable

Call (484) 870-6398 prior to submitting samples to obtain approval for testing and details on packaging, storage, and transport.

Rubella Serology 1, 2

Methods: ELISA IgG and IgM

Specimen Types: Serum or plasma

Container: 5 mL vial

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

The Bureau of Laboratories only performs IgG testing. Specimens are referred to the CDC for IgM testing.

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Rubeola (Measles) Serology ^{1, 2}	
Method: ELISA IgG and IgM	
Specimen Type: Serum or plasma	Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL
Container: 5 mL vial	
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C
The Bureau of Laboratories only performs IgG testing. Specimens with positive IgG results are referred to the CDC for IgM testing.	

Rubeola (Measles) Detection ^{1, 2} Method: Real-time PCR Specimen Types: See below Specimen Amount: See below Container: See below Storage: 2 to 8 °C Transport: 2 to 8 °C Collect respiratory specimens (nasopharyngeal aspirate, nasopharyngeal swab, or oropharyngeal swab within four days of the onset of symptoms. For improved virus detection, submit a urine specimen should with a respiratory specimens collected less than four days from the onset of symptoms may not yield positive results. Nasopharyngeal aspirate: ≥ 0.5 mL fluid in a 5 mL vial Nasopharyngeal swab: 1 swab in viral transport media

Urine: 35 mL in a 50 mL conical tube

Salmonella Identification ^{1, 2} Methods: Conventional biochemical tests, serogrouping, and whole genome sequencing (WGS) Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate Specimen Amount: Not applicable Container: Culture tube Media: TSA slant Storage: Ambient temperature Transport: Ambient temperature

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SARS-CoV-2 Detection 1, 2

Method: Real-time PCR

Specimen Types: Nasopharyngeal, nasal or throat swab

Container: Viral transport tube

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Specimen Amount: 1 swab Media: Viral transport medium Transport: 2 to 8 °C

SARS-CoV-2 infections are nationally notifiable and are reportable in Pennsylvania.

SARS-CoV-2 IgG Serology ^{1, 2}	
Method: ELISA IgG	
Specimen Type: Serum	Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL
Container: 5 mL vial	
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C
SARS-CoV-2 infections are nationally notifiable and are reportable in Pennsylvania.	

Shigella Identification 1, 2

Methods: Conventional biochemical tests and serotyping

Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate

Container: Culture tube

Storage: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: Not applicable Media: TSA slant Transport: Ambient temperature

Shiga-like Toxin Detection 1, 2

Method: Real-time PCR for Shiga-like Toxin 1 and 2

Specimen Types: Bacterial isolate or broth culture

Container: Culture medium

Storage: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: Media: Slant or GN broth Transport: Ambient temperature

Serotyping and WGS are performed on all Shiga-like Toxin producing *E. coli* upon isolation of the organism.

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Directory of Services

Tick Identification

Method: Microscopy

Specimen Type: Suspected tick

Container: Non-crushable container

Storage: Ambient temperature

Specimen Amount: Not applicable

Transport: Ambient temperature

The Bureau of Laboratories will identify ticks but does not perform *Borrelia sp.* testing on ticks. Consult a reference laboratory for *Borrelia sp.* testing.

Toxin Testing

Methods: ELISA

Sample Type: Food or beverage

Specimen Amount: Solids ≥ 25 g, Liquids ≥ 30 mL

Container: Leak-proof container

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

The Bureau of Laboratories tests for *Staphylococcus Enterotoxin, Bacillus cereus*, Shiga toxin, Staphylococcus aureus toxins. Samples are referred to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for Toxic Shock toxin (TST) and Panton-Valentine leukocidin toxin (PVL) testing. Include the CDC specimen submission form that can be found on the Bureau of Laboratories' website (<u>www.health.pa.gov/labs</u>) when submitting samples.

Vaccinia Virus Detection

Method: Real-time PCR

Specimen Type: See below

Container: Sterile container

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

Specimen Amount: 1 swab or 1 tissue specimen

Specimen Types: Fluid or skin from vesicle or pustule, punch biopsy, ocular impressions or swab

Collection instructions: (1) Sanitize skin with alcohol wipe and allow to completely dry (2) Open and remove the top of the lesion using a sterile scalpel or polyester or rayon-tipped swab (3) Break off swab and place in a sterile transport container.

Do not use viral transport medium

Contact the laboratory at 484-885-3579 before shipping specimens.

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Directory of Services

Varicella Zoster Virus Detection ^{1, 2}		
Method: Real-time PCR		
Specimen Type: See below	Specimen Amount: 1 swab or 1 tissue specimen	
Container: Sterile container		
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C	
Specimen Types: Fluid or skin from vesicle	or pustule, punch biopsy, ocular impressions or swab	
Collection instructions: (1) Sanitize skin with alcohol wipe and allow to completely dry (2) Open and remove the top of the lesion using a sterile scalpel or polyester or rayon-tipped swab (3) Break off swab and place in a sterile transport container.		
Do not use viral transport medium		
Contact the laboratory at 484-885-3579 before shipping specimens.		

<i>Vibrio</i> Species Identification ²	
Methods: Conventional biochemical tests and	serology
Specimen Type: Bacterial isolate	Specimen Amount: Not applicable
Container: Culture tube	Media: Blood, chocolate, or TSA slant
Storage: Ambient temperature	Transport: Ambient temperature

Viral Respiratory Panel 1, 2

Method: Real-time PCR	
Specimen Types: Nasopharyngeal, nasal, or throat swab	Specimen Amount: 1 swab
Container: Viral transport tube	Media: Viral transport medium
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C

The Bureau of Laboratories' viral respiratory panel includes: Adenovirus, Chlamydia pneumoniae, Coronavirus (not SARS-CoV-2), Human Metapneumovirus, Human Rhinovirus/Enterovirus, Human Parainfluenza Virus type 1-4, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Respiratory Syncytial Virus Type A and B.

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West Nile Virus Serology ^{1, 2}	
Method: ELISA IgG and IgM	
Specimen Types: Serum, plasma, or cerebral spinal fluid	Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL
Container: 5 mL vial	
Storage: 2 to 8 °C	Transport: 2 to 8 °C

Zika Virus Serology ^{1, 2}

Method: ELISA IgM

Specimen Types: Serum, plasma, or cerebral spinal fluid

Container: 5 mL vial

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: 2 to 8 °C

Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL

The Bureau of Laboratories does not perform Zika Virus serology. Specimens are referred to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for testing.

Zika Virus Detection ^{1, 2} Method: Real-time PCR Specimen Type: Serum, plasma, or cerebral spinal fluid Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL Container: 5 mL vial Storage: 2 to 8 °C Transport: 2 to 8 °C See the Bureau of Laboratories' website (www.health.pa.gov/labs) for specimen collection instructions and submission forms

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Division of Chemistry & Toxicology

Abrine and Ricinine	
Method: Liquid chromatography – tandem	mass spectrometry
Specimen Type: Urine	Specimen Amount: ≥ 5 mL
Container: Urine collection cup	
Storage: - 20 °C	Transport: - 20 °C
Contact Greg DeLong at 484-870-6279 before submitting specimens. Collect and submit specimens as soon as possible once exposure is suspected. The ideal specimen volume is 50 mL.	

Blood Lead ^{1, 2}

Method: Atomic absorption spectroscopy

Specimen Type: Blood

Container:

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Specimen Amount: ≥ 500 µL

Transport: Ambient temperature

Cyanide

Method: Gas chromatography - mass spectrometry

Specimen Type: Blood

Specimen Amount: ≥ 1 mL

Container: Blood collection tube containing EDTA

Storage: 4 to 8 °C (DO NOT FREEZE)

Transport: 4 to 8 °C (DO NOT FREEZE)

Contact Greg DeLong at 484-870-6279 before submitting specimens. Collect and submit specimens as soon as possible once exposure is suspected. If possible, submit two blood collection tubes. Fill the tubes as completely as possible. Minimizing the vacant space in the tubes increases the accuracy of the analysis.

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4-Hydroxy-3-Nitrophenylacetic Acid (HNPAA)		
Method: Liquid chromatography – tandem mass spectrometry		
Specimen Type: Urine	Specimen Amount: ≥ 5 mL	
Container: Urine collection cup		
Storage: -20 °C	Transport: -20 °C	
Contact Greg DeLong at 484-870-6279 before submitting specimens. Collect and submit specimens as soon as possible once exposure is suspected. The ideal specimen volume is 50 mL.		

Organophosphate Nerve Agent Metabolites

Method: Liquid chromatography - tandem mass spectrometry

Specimen Type: Urine

Container: Urine collection cup

Storage: -20 °C

Specimen Amount: ≥ 5 mL

Transport: -20 °C

Contact Greg DeLong at 484-870-6279 before submitting specimens. Collect and submit specimens as soon as possible once exposure is suspected. The ideal specimen volume is 50 mL.

Post-mortem Blood Alcohol

Method: Headspace gas chromatography

Specimen Type:

Specimen Amount: 10 mL

Container: Blood collection tube containing sodium oxalate and potassium fluoride (grey-topped tube)

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: Ambient temperature

Testing is only available to county coroners and medical examiners. Submit two grey-topped tubes for each deceased individual. The submitted tubes will also be used for post-mortem drugs of abuse testing.

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Post-mortem Drugs of Abuse

Methods: Screening: Immunoassay Confirmation: Gas chromatography – mass spectrometry

Specimen Type:

Specimen Amount: 10 mL

Container: Blood collection tube containing sodium oxalate and potassium fluoride (grey-topped tube)

Storage: 2 to 8 °C

Transport: Ambient temperature

Testing is only available to county coroners and medical examiners. Submit two grey-topped tubes for each deceased individual. The submitted tubes will also be used for post-mortem blood alcohol testing.

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