Pennsylvania Department of Health 2021 - PAHAN – 589– 08-20- UPD UPDATE: Increase in Cases of Non-respiratory Burkholderia cepacia in Pennsylvania



DATE:	8/20/2021
TO:	Health Alert Network
FROM:	Alison Beam, JD, Acting Secretary of Health
SUBJECT:	UPDATE: Increase in Cases of Non-respiratory Burkholderia
	cepacia complex in Pennsylvania
DISTRIBUTION:	Statewide
LOCATION:	Statewide
STREET ADDRESS:	Statewide
COUNTY:	Statewide
MUNICIPALITY:	Statewide
ZIP CODE:	Statewide

This transmission is a "**Health Update**": provides updated information regarding an incident or situation; unlikely to require immediate action.

HOSPITALS: PLEASE SHARE WITH ALL MEDICAL, PEDIATRIC, INFECTION CONTROL, NURSING, AND

LABORATORY STAFF IN YOUR HOSPITAL

EMS COUNCILS: PLEASE DISTRIBUTE AS APPROPRIATE

FQHCs: PLEASE DISTRIBUTE AS APPROPRIATE

LOCAL HEALTH JURISDICTIONS: PLEASE DISTRIBUTE AS APPROPRIATE

PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS: PLEASE DISTRIBUTE TO YOUR MEMBERSHIP

LONG-TERM CARE FACILITIES: PLEASE SHARE WITH ALL MEDICAL, INFECTION CONTROL, AND

NURSING STAFF IN YOUR FACILITY

Update

- The Pennsylvania Department of Health (DOH) and Philadelphia Department of Public Health (PDPH) continue to work with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA), and other state and local health departments to investigate *Burkholderia cepacia* complex (Bcc) infections.
- To date, a total of 65 positive Bcc cultures have been identified including the following sources: blood (55), sputum (4), abdominal fluid/drainage (2), wound (1), amniotic fluid (1), peritoneal fluid (1), and bile (1).
- On August 18, 2021, the FDA issued updated information regarding Eco-Med ultrasound gels and lotions, expanding the limited voluntary <u>recall</u> issued on August 4, 2021 to now include all ultrasound gels and lotions manufactured by Eco-Med Pharmaceutical, Inc.
- The FDA is asking all healthcare providers and healthcare facilities to immediately stop using and discard all Eco-Med manufactured ultrasound gels and lotions due to the concern for contamination with *Burkholderia cepacia* complex bacteria.
- DOH and PDPH request that healthcare facilities notify their local health department or the Bureau of Epidemiology immediately about clusters (two cases or more in the same facility) of non-respiratory Bcc occurring on or after 6/1/2021.
- Any questions or concerns should be directed to DOH at 1-877-PA-Health or your local health department. Philadelphia Department of Public Health can be reached 215-685-6748.

The Pennsylvania Department of Health and PDPH continue to work with CDC, FDA, and other state and local health departments to investigate multiple clusters of Bcc infections associated with ultrasound gel produced by Eco-Med Pharmaceuticals Inc.

To date, a total of 65 positive Bcc cultures from 14 facilities located in Philadelphia (7), Montgomery (2), Dauphin (2), Allegheny (1), Bucks (1) and Chester (1) counties have been identified. The positive Bcc cultures were obtained from the following sources: blood (55), sputum (4), abdominal fluid/drainage (2), wound (1), amniotic fluid (1), peritoneal fluid (1) and bile (1). No patients in these heterogenous clusters are known to have cystic fibrosis.

On August 18, 2021, the FDA issued updated information regarding Eco-Med ultrasound gels and lotions, expanding the limited voluntary <u>recall</u> issued on August 4, 2021 to now include all ultrasound gels and lotions manufactured by Eco-Med Pharmaceutical, Inc. The FDA is asking all healthcare providers and healthcare facilities to immediately stop using and discard all Eco-Med manufactured ultrasound gels and lotions due to the concern for contamination with *Burkholderia cepacia* complex bacteria. Additional information from FDA regarding this product recall can be found here: <u>Stop Using All Eco-Med Ultrasound Gels and Lotions Due to Risk of Bacterial Contamination – Letter to Health Care Providers | FDA</u>.

CDC is working with local and state public health partners and the FDA on this investigation and will continue to provide relevant updates here: Multistate Outbreak of Burkholderia cepacia Infections Associated with Contaminated Ultrasound Gel | HAI | CDC.

Infection Prevention and Control Recommendations Related to Ultrasonography:

CDC advises that healthcare facilities should always use single-use, sterile ultrasound gel packets for ultrasonography used in preparation for or during transcutaneous procedures, such as placement of central and peripheral intravenous lines, amniocentesis, and paracentesis. This includes avoiding use of bottles of nonsterile ultrasound gel for visualization prior to such procedures (e.g., vein marking, visualizing ascites). Healthcare facilities should also review facility practices related to ultrasound probe reprocessing to ensure they are aligned with manufacturer's instructions for use and appropriate professional society guidelines.

The primary infection control measures for prevention of ultrasonography related Bcc infections in healthcare settings are:

- Thorough cleaning and disinfection of ultrasound devices and other equipment (ex. transducers, warmers) and surfaces that may come in contact with the ultrasound gel product. EPA registered healthcare disinfectants including products from EPA list B (tuberculocidal products) are appropriate disinfectants for this purpose.
- Cleaning and disinfection of high-touch surfaces in areas where ultrasonography is performed with appropriate disinfectants.
- Use of single-use packets of sterile ultrasound gel for all vascular access procedures (i.e central and peripheral access) and other sterile or aseptic procedures that require ultrasonography. Do not use ultrasound gel from multi-use bottles for these types of procedures.
- Use only sterile gel beneath sterile probe covers and between the probe cover and skin.

- Use single-use packets of sterile ultrasound gel when there is the potential for it to come in contact with a healing post-operative incision or wound.
- If non-sterile ultrasound gel has been used prior to a sterile or aseptic procedure (for the same or different procedure), perform thorough skin prep prior to the sterile or aseptic procedure.
- Do not refill bottles of ultrasound gel. A multi-use bottle should be discarded when empty.
- Adherence to hand hygiene. Alcohol-based hand rub (ABHR) is effective against B. cepacia and is the preferred method for routine hand hygiene.
- Adherence to proper personal protective equipment for sterile procedures.

PA DOH recommends the following:

Clusters of non-respiratory *B. cepacia* complex positive cultures since June 1, 2021, should be immediately reported to DOH at 1-877-PA-HEALTH or to the local health department. Philadelphia cases should be reported to 215-685-6748. Additionally, available non-respiratory *B. cepacia* complex isolates should be saved at the clinical laboratory of origin until further notice.

Healthcare facilities should report any patient infections related to the use of potentially contaminated medical products to <u>FDA's MedWatch Adverse Event Reporting program</u>.

B. cepacia, typically associated with respiratory infections in individuals with cystic fibrosis and other respiratory diseases, can also be transmitted by contaminated medications and devices. *B. cepacia* is frequently resistant to many common antibiotics and decisions on the treatment should be made by using antibiotic susceptibility testing.

Any questions or concerns regarding these recommendations should be directed to DOH at 1-877-PA-HEALTH or your local health department.

More information about *B. cepacia* can be found at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention webpage: http://www.cdc.gov/HAI/organisms/bCepacia.html

Categories of Health Alert messages:

Health Alert: conveys the highest level of importance; warrants immediate action or attention. **Health Advisory**: provides important information for a specific incident or situation; may not require immediate action. **Health Update**: provides updated information regarding an incident or situation; unlikely to require immediate action.

This information is current as of August 20, 2021 but may be modified in the future. We will continue to post updated information regarding the most common guestions about this subject.