

EMS Information Bulletin 2014-002

DATE: May 28, 2014

SUBJECT: EMS Transfer of Care Form

TO: Pennsylvania EMS Stake Holders, Educational Institutes, EMS Agencies,

EMS Practitioners, Trauma Centers, Receiving Facilities

FROM: Richard L. Gibbons, Director

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The EMS Regulations include a requirement for providing patient information to receiving facilities when a patient is transferred. The Commonwealth EMS Medical Director has been working with EMS stakeholders and has developed an EMS Transfer of Care Form included in this Information Bulletin. The form has been field tested with input from Hospitals, Trauma Centers, Health Care Professionals, EMS Organizations, and Professional Societies, and is to be used without modification in the interest of consistency.

The authorization for the <u>EMS Transfer of Care Form</u> is published at 28 Pa. Code § 1021.41.

- (b) When an EMS provider relinquishes primary responsibility for the care of a patient to another EMS provider, the EMS provider relinquishing that responsibility shall provide the other EMS provider with the patient information that has been collected.
- (c) When an EMS agency transports a patient to a receiving facility, before its ambulance departs from the receiving facility, the EMS agency having primary responsibility for the patient shall verbally, and in writing or other means by which information is recorded, report to the individual at the receiving facility assuming responsibility for the patient, the patient information that is essential for immediate transmission for patient care. The Department will publish a notice in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* specifying the types of patient information that are essential for patient care.
- (d) An EMS agency shall have a policy for designating which member of its responding crew is responsible for completing an EMS PCR. That EMS provider shall ensure that the EMS PCR is accurate and complete, and completed within the time prescribed by the EMS agency under subsection (a). When a patient is transported to a receiving facility, an EMS provider of

the EMS agency having primary responsibility for the patient shall also ensure that before the ambulance departs from the receiving facility essential patient information is reported to the receiving facility as required by subsection (c).

The <u>EMS Transfer of Care Form</u> is available on the Bureau's web page and can be duplicated as needed.

| pennsylvania DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH | | | | | | Patient Name | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|-----|--------|--|---------------------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--|
| EMS Transfer Of Care Form | | | | | | Address | | | | | | | | | |
| EMS Agency | City | City State | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Date | Time | | | lumber | Age | Age Gender | | T/F) Date o | | of Birth | f Birth SSN | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Incident Locat | rovider I | mpression | | | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| | TOMS | OMS For Stroke, Chest Pain, Trauma or Altered Mental | | | | | | | | Montal Status | | | | | |
| BRIEF HISTORY / PERTINENT SYMPTO | | | | | | Time of Persistent Sympto | | | | | | ms, Injury, or Last Seen Normal | | | |
| | | | | Date | | | " | me | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | EMS Contact Time – First EMS | | | | | | ALS Contact Time | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PERTINENT PHYSICAL EXAM FINDINGS | | | | | | MEDICATIONS | | | | | | | | NONE | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| ALLERG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | atient Medications or Medication List Delivered with Report Yes | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | VITAL SIGNS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Time | Pulse | Blood Pressure | | | esp Glucose S | | | aO2 | Mental Status (AVF | | | | | (U) | |
| | | | | | | | | | Alert Voice | | | P | Pain Unresponsive | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Alert Voice | | | P | Pain Unresponsive | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | ECG | | | LJ* | Alert | Voice | P | ain | Unresponsive | | | | |
| Rhythm: | | Interpre | | | Copy of Rhythm Strip/ all 12-lead ECGs | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Delivered with Report Yes NOTES / COMMENTS | | | | | | | | |
| Time | EMS TREATMENT Medication/ Intervention | | | | | | Г | ose | | NC | DIES | / COI | MMEI | NTS | |
| 111110 | incuration intervention | | | | | | - | 7030 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | n: | | | | Total IV | Fluid Volume | Given: | | Oxyg | jen: | | | | | |
| IV No | | | | | | | | | | mL | | | | LPM | |
| PROVIDED TRANSFERDING CARE CERTIFICATION | | | | | | CARE TRANSFERRED TO | | | | | | | | | |
| QRS Provider NUMBER | | | | | | Receiving Hospital/Agency Name: | | | | | | | | ne of Transfer | |
| QRS Provider Signature: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMS Provider | Receivin | Receiving Healthcare Provider Signature: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Signature:_

EMS Provider Signature:

_ (Print) _

EMS Transfer of Care Form Instructions

Many patient safety issues have been associated with times of hand-off of care between healthcare providers. This form is designed to transfer important written information when an EMS agency hands-off care of its patient to another healthcare provider. Although primarily designed to provide critical patient information to a hospital emergency department, the form should be used when one EMS agency/service transfers care to another EMS agency/service. This form provides the receiving facility with a brief summary of key patient information that is required to reduce the possibility of medical error from miscommunication of information. Although the information on the form is not a complete EMS PCR, it should be assumed that this form may become a permanent part of the patient's medical record at the receiving facility/ hospital.

A copy of the form provides helpful notations that will assist the EMS provider when the EMS PCR is completed later. If the form is not provided in a duplicate or electronic format, the EMS provider should make a photocopy of the form at the receiving facility. In addition to assisting with the writing of the PCR, the provider's EMS agency may have a policy that requires retention of the form as part of the agency's documentation.

The form should be secured in the same manner as other patient records that contain protected healthcare information.

Completion of the Form:

Patient Identification: Patient name, date of birth, age, and date of EMS incident are important to identify patient and link this form to hospital records. If EMS provide has not positively identified the patient, write "unknown" in the name/date spaces.

Chief Complaint and Symptoms/ Brief History: Chief complaint should be the patient's primary complaint. Provide a brief summary of pertinent symptoms or history of incident. For example, the pertinent history for an MVC would include brief mechanism, patient restraint, airbag deployment, etc. Other examples of pertinent symptoms would include location, quality, and intensity of pain or history of witnessed loss of consciousness, etc.

Time/Date of Symptom Onset: Although this box could be used to document time/date of symptom onset in general, it is particularly critical for suspected STEMI, suspected stroke, or head trauma. EMS provider must document the time of onset of steady or maximal persistent chest pain in STEMI, the time last seen normal for suspected stroke, and the time of injury for trauma.

Allergies: List in provided spaces. Continue on back if list exceeds space provided.

Pertinent Physical Exam Findings: This section should be used to document pertinent physical exam findings in patients with medical conditions. For patients with traumatic injuries, list all injuries that are identified.

Medications: It is not necessary to list a patient's medications if the EMS crew delivers either all of the medications in their containers or a current list of the patient's medications (e.g. list from skilled nursing facility or patient's up-to-date wallet or home list) at the time of hand-off. Otherwise, list all medications known to the EMS provider. Remember that inhalants, over-the-counter medications, herbal medications/ vitamins, are frequently missed. Continue on back if list exceeds space provided.

Vital Signs: List at least one complete set of vital signs (pulse, respirations, BP) and check appropriate mental status for all patients. List blood glucose level and pulse oximetry reading, when obtained. It is not necessary to list every set of vital signs obtained, but if initial and final VS vary significantly, both should be listed. If the transfer form is used to document care transferred from one EMS provider to another, list at least one set of vital signs from each provider.

EMS ECG/ 12-Lead ECG: Copies of <u>every</u> 12-lead ECG (and any single lead ECG that documents a dysrhythmia) must be left with the receiving facility at time of hand off. These must be labeled with patient name, DOB, and time/date of ECG

EMS Treatments/ Medications: List ALL medications administered by EMS provider with time and dose. Continue on back if list exceeds space provided.

IV Fluids/ Oxygen: List any IV fluid administered by name and total volume administered at time of hand-off to receiving facility/ hospital. List oxygen provided at time of hand-off.

Transfer of Care: This section is used to document the transfer of care from the final EMS provider to the healthcare professional at the receiving facility/ hospital. This line documents the printed name and certification number of the transferring EMS provider, the name of the receiving facility, and the time/date of hand-off to the receiving facility. The bottom of the form is signed by both the transferring EMS provider and the healthcare professional that accepts the report at the receiving facility.